

DIAMET project meeting
Manchester, UK
7 March 2013

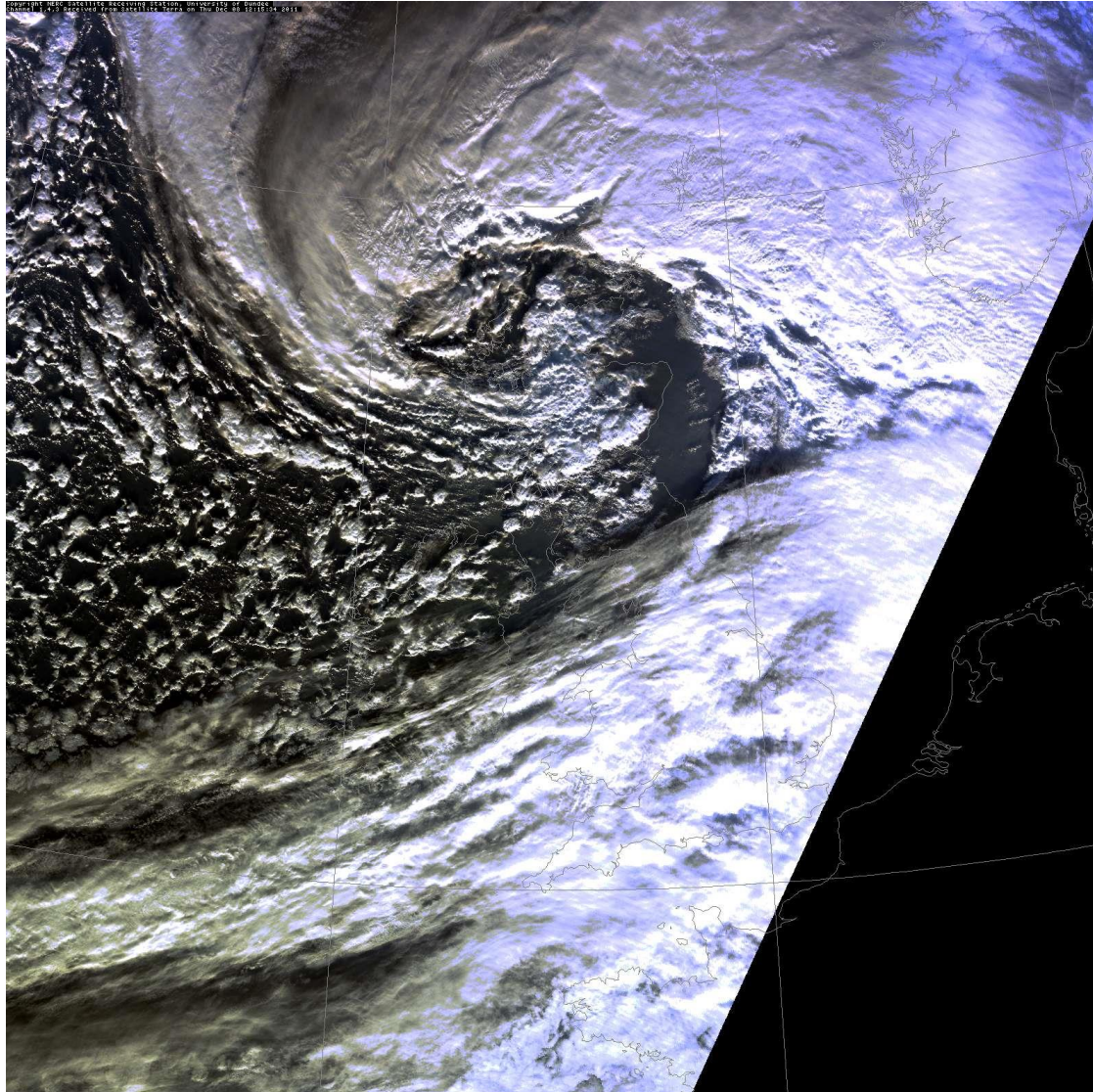


Progress on the analysis of IOP-8 11 December 2011

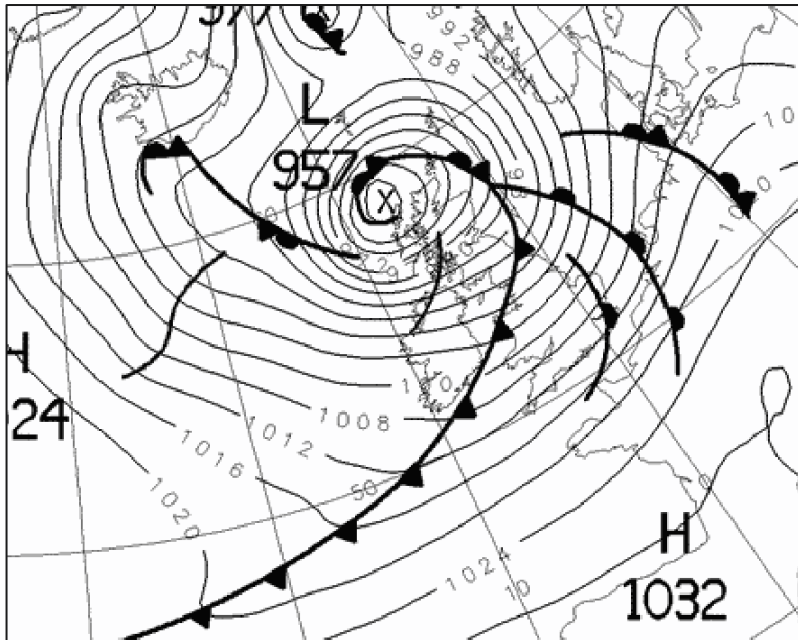
Oscar Martínez-Alvarado, Laura Baker
Suzanne Gray, John Methven and Bob Plant

Department of Meteorology
University of Reading

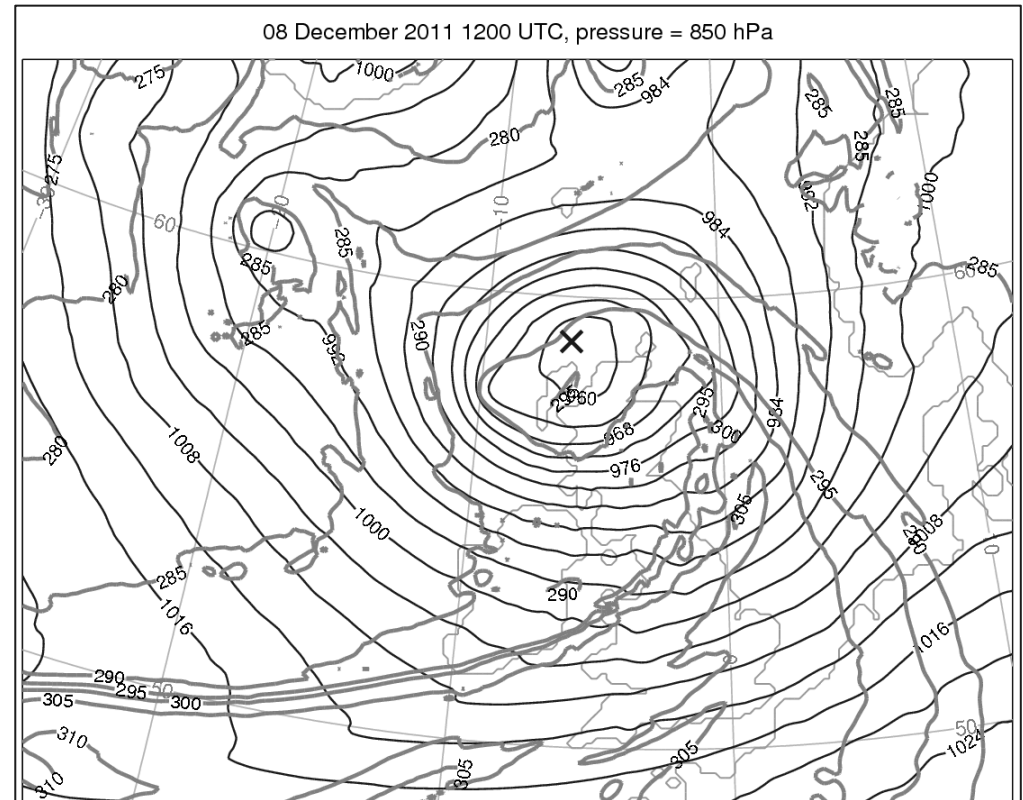
Visible satellite image at 1215 UTC



Synoptic model validation



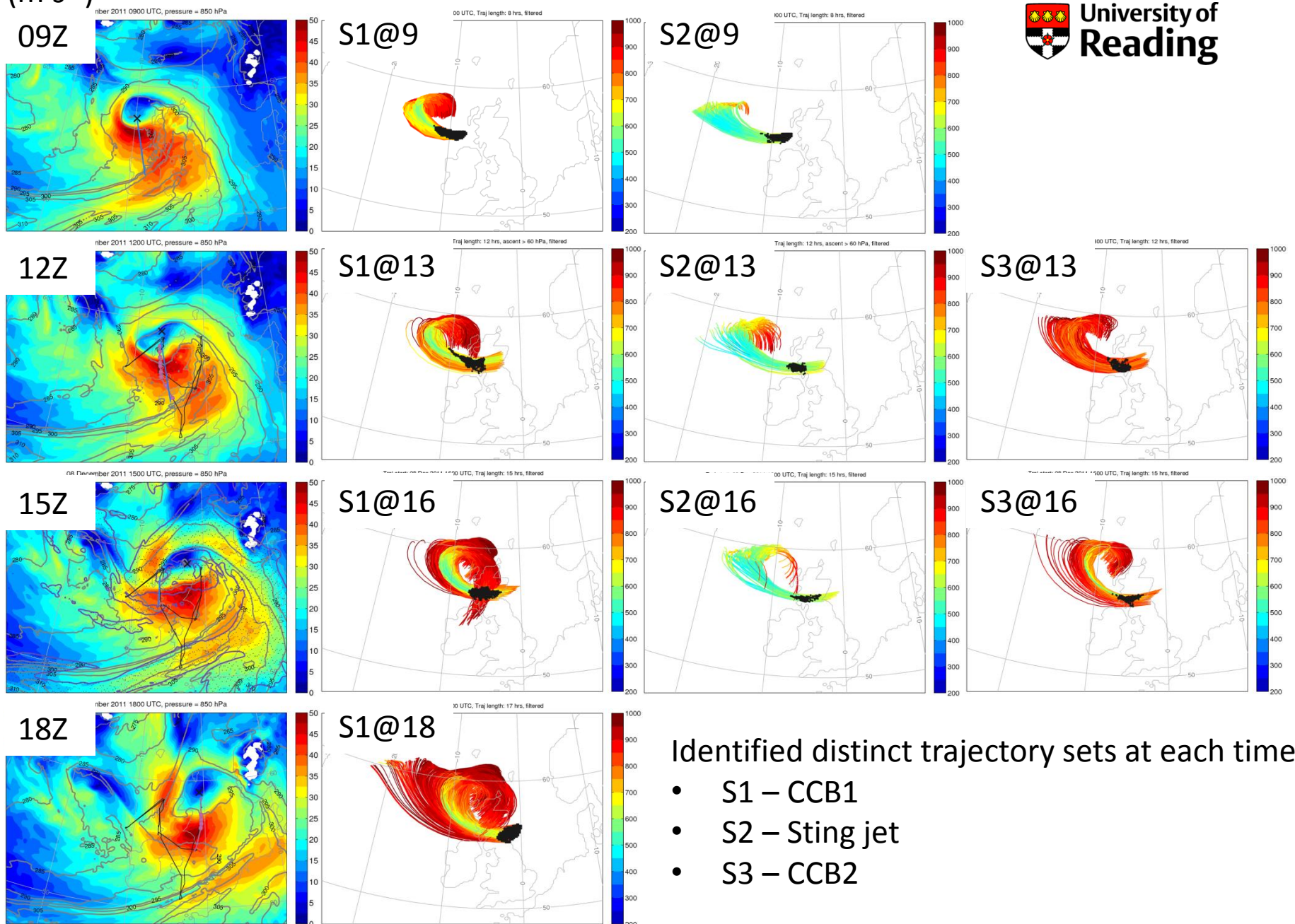
Met Office Analysis Chart valid at 1200
UTC 11 Dec 2011



Model MSLP (thin black) and 850-hPa theta_e
(grey bold) at 1000 UTC 11 Dec 2011

850-hPa wind speed

(m s⁻¹)



Identified distinct trajectory sets at each time:

- S1 – CCB1
- S2 – Sting jet
- S3 – CCB2

Identification of air masses arriving in high wind regions

S1@9

011 0900 UTC

S2@9

11 0900 UTC

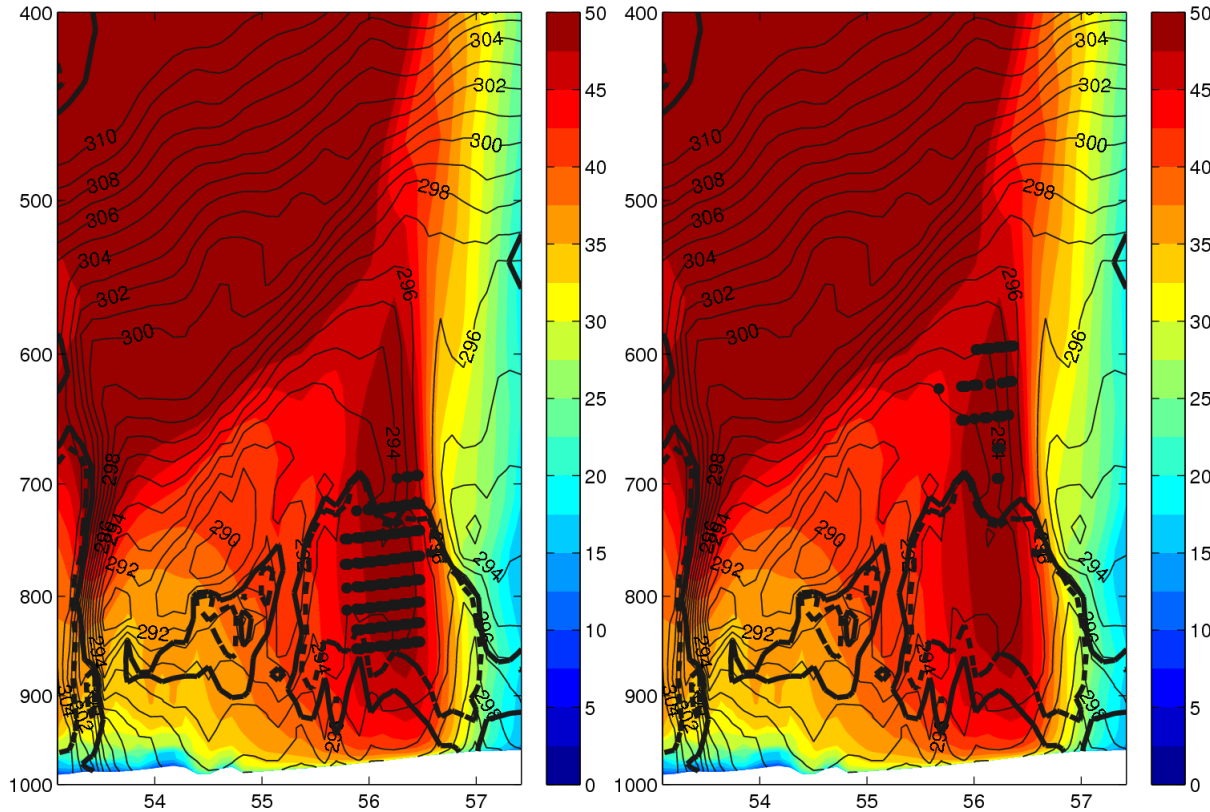
0900 UTC

Colour shades: wind speed (m s^{-1})

Thin lines: θ_e (K)

Bold solid: 80% RH(ice)

Bold dashed: 90% RH(ice)



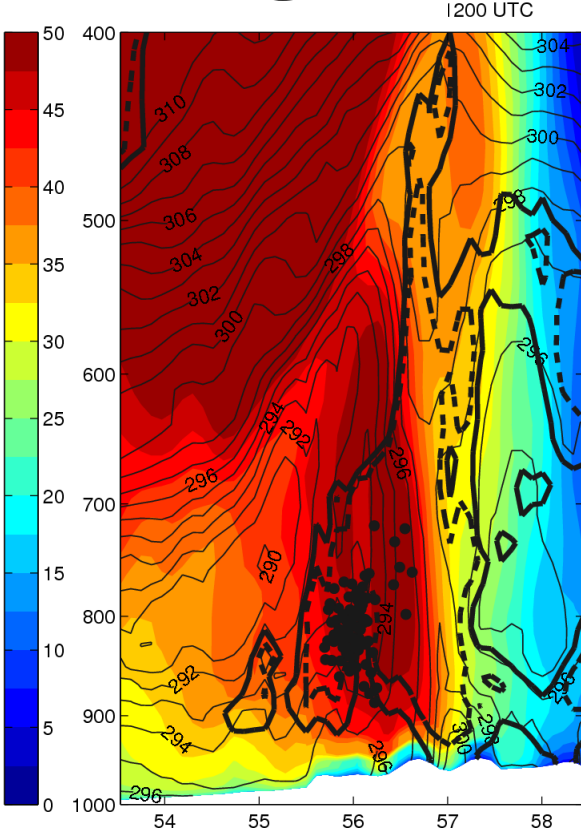
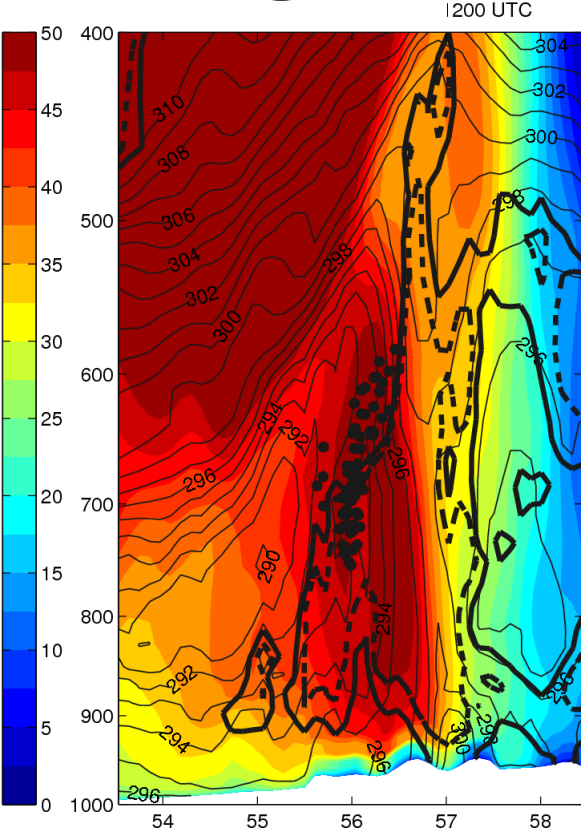
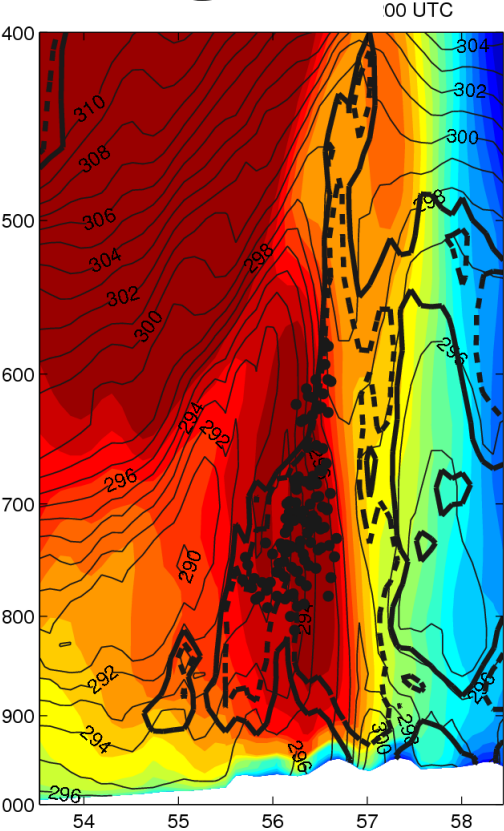
Identification of air masses arriving in high wind regions



S1@13

S2@13

S3@13



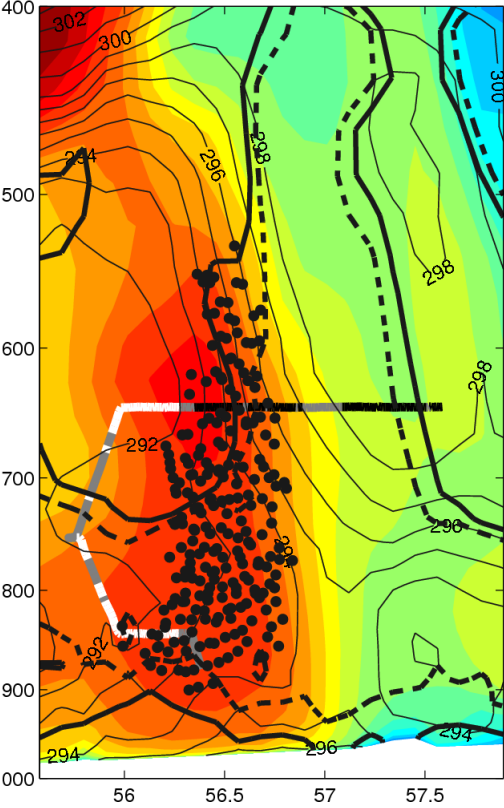
1200 UTC

Identification of air masses arriving in high wind regions



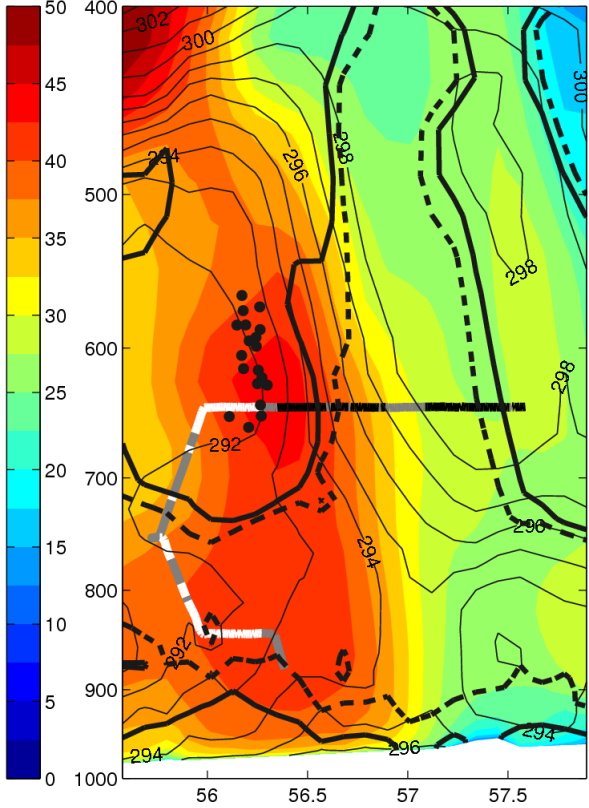
S1@16

00 UTC



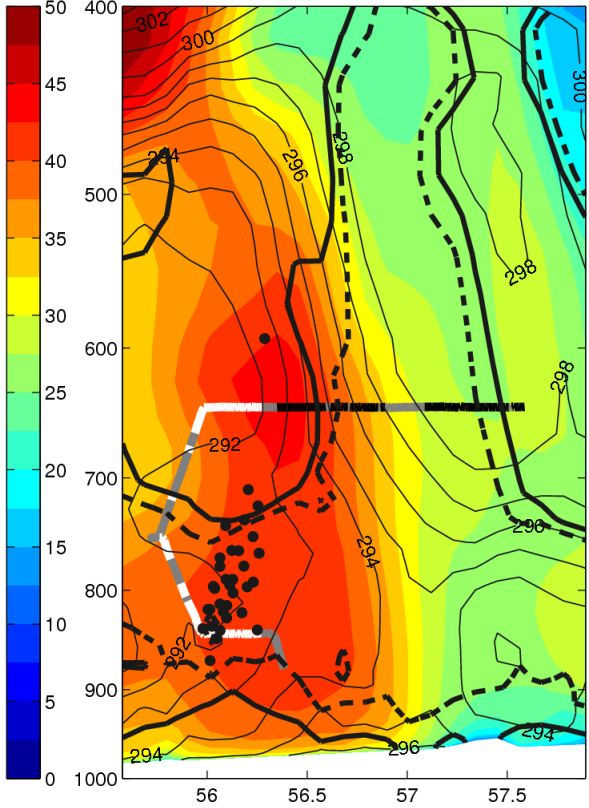
S2@16

1500 UTC



S3@16

1500 UTC



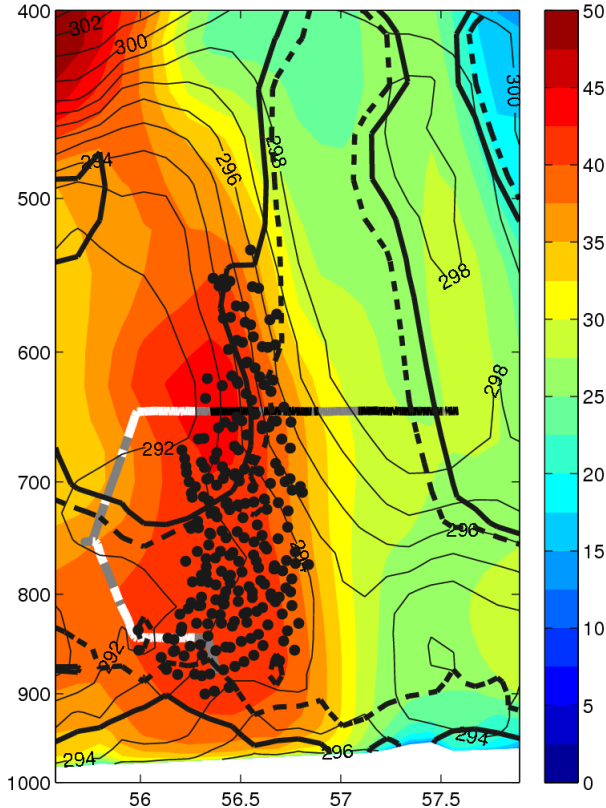
Flight track coloured by measured CO simply ranked as low (**black**) medium (**grey**) and high (white)

1500 UTC

Identification of air masses arriving in high wind regions

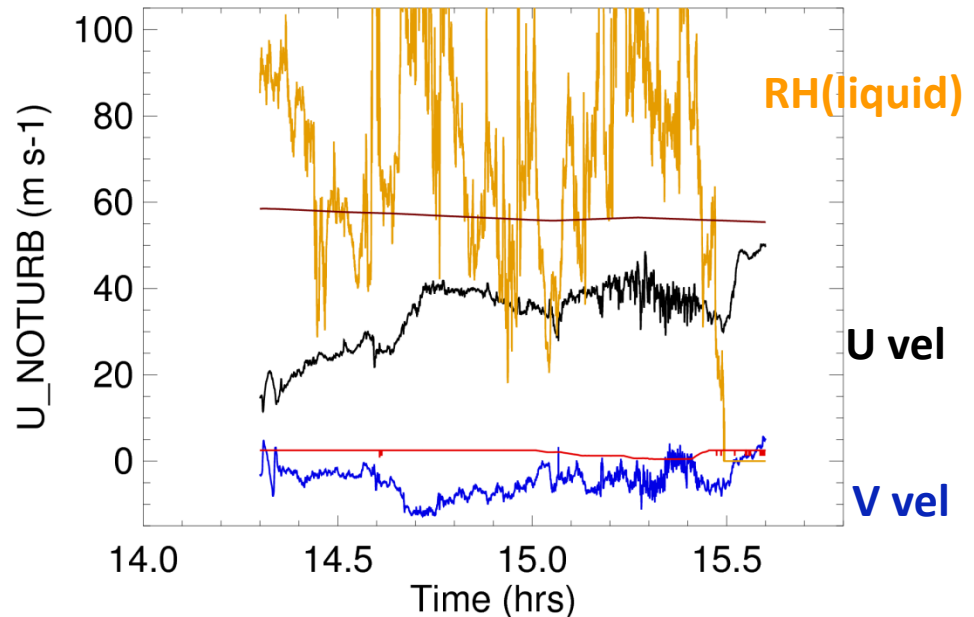
S1@16, 1500 UTC

ndd, wind, 08 December 2011 1500 UTC

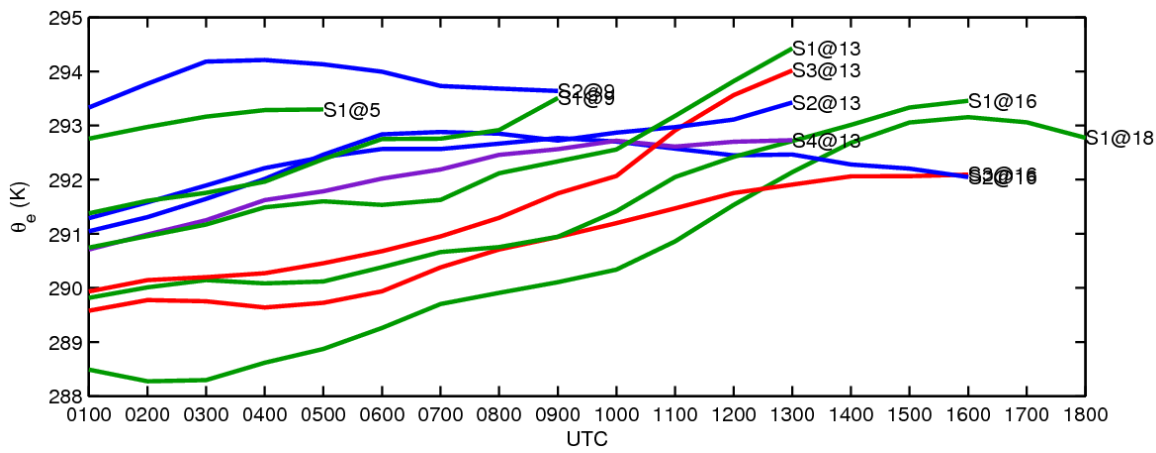
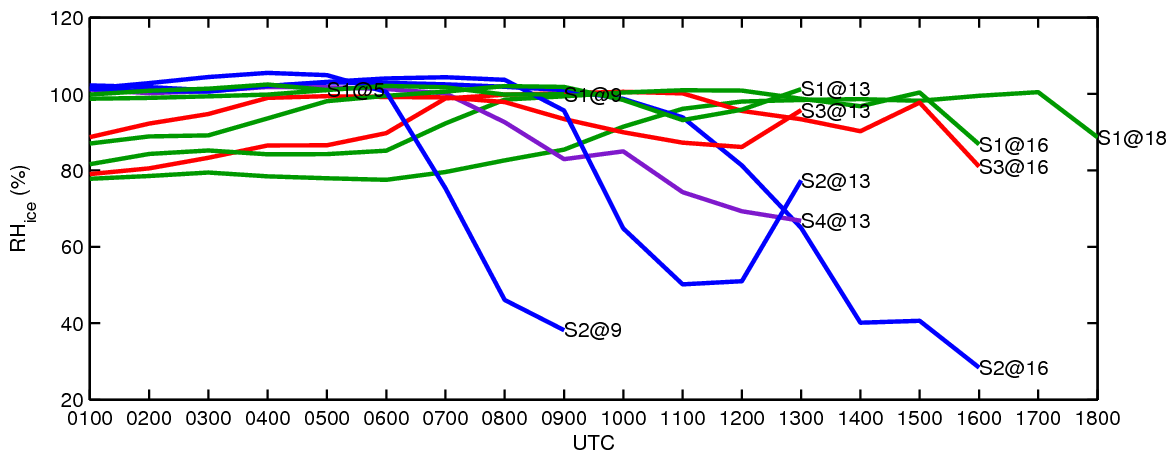
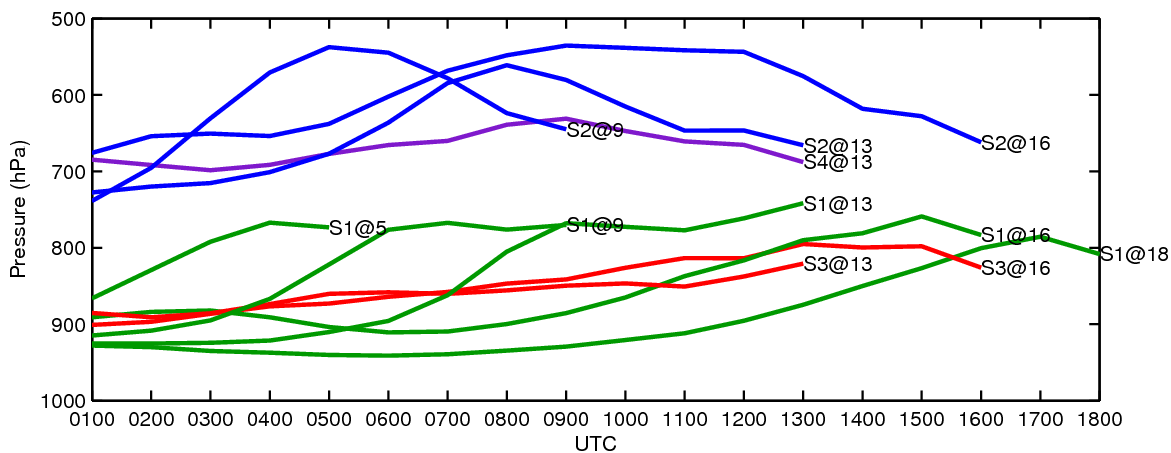


Flight track coloured by measured CO simply ranked as low (**black**) medium (**grey**) and high (white)

14:18 to 15:36 UTC 08/12/2011



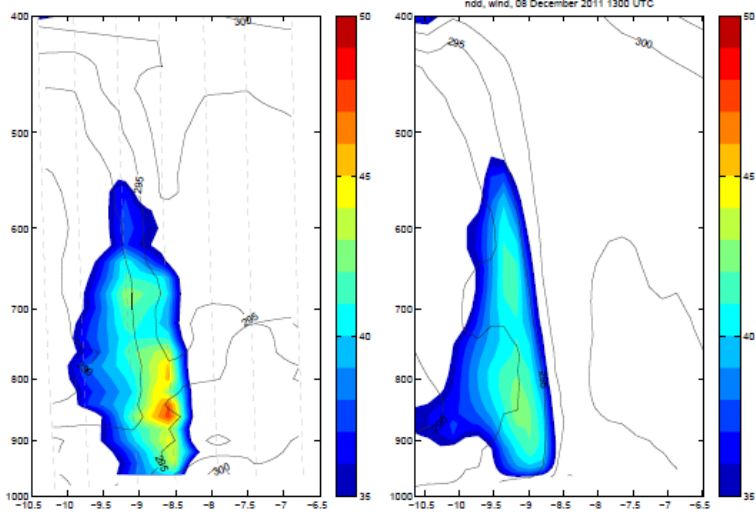
- By matching measured variables to model section:
- Strong horizontal wind shear located more to the south in the model than in observations
 - Wind speed overestimated by the model
 - Cloud regions located more to the north in the model than in observations



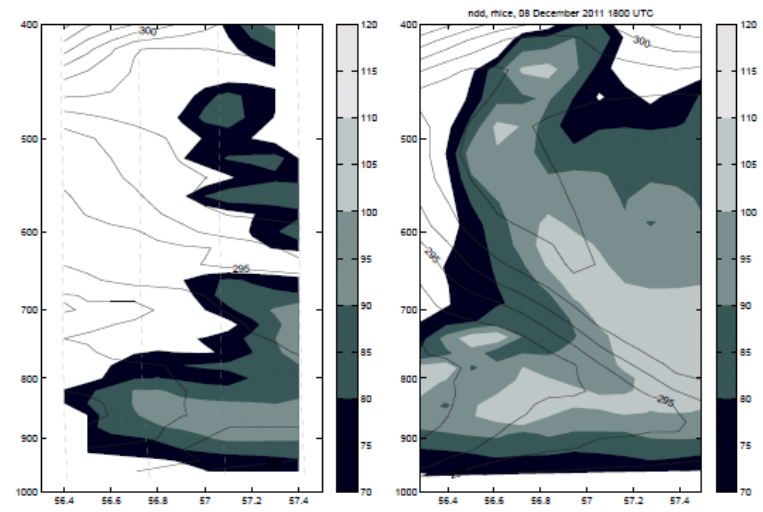
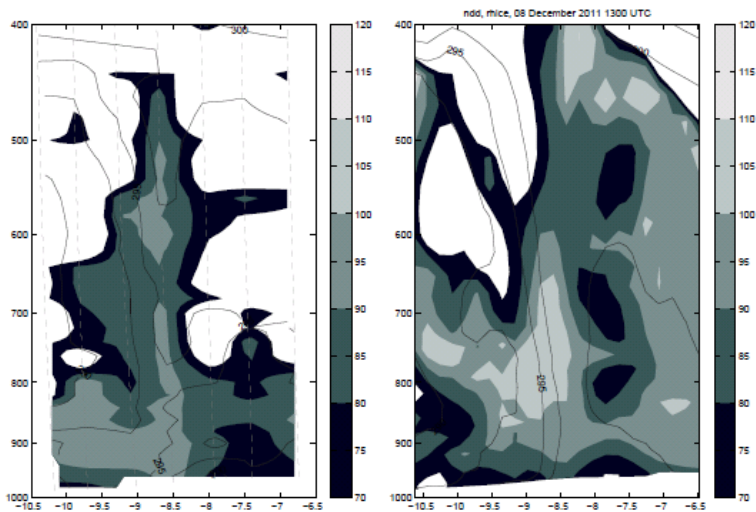
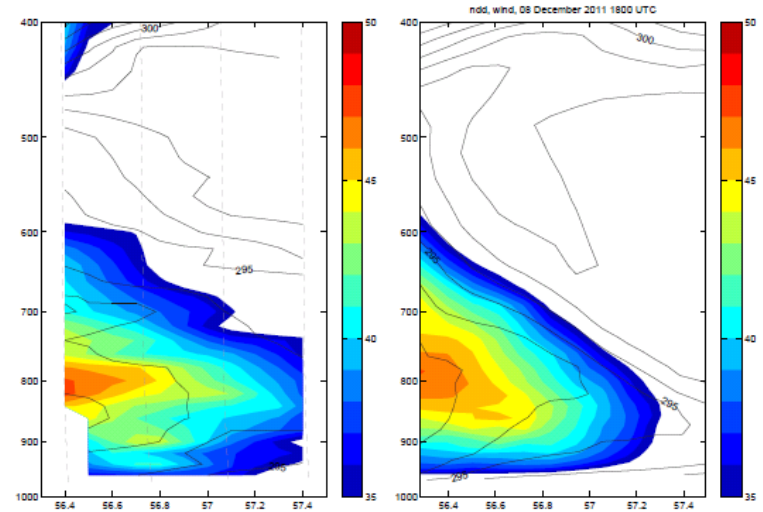
Variables along trajectories showing the trajectory-ensemble median for the identified air masses

Model v observations

Dropsondes 11-17 Model at 1300UTC

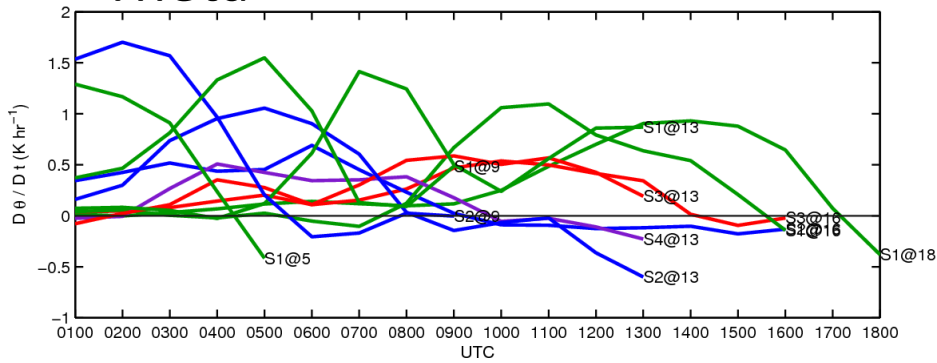


Dropsondes 18-22 Model at 1800UTC

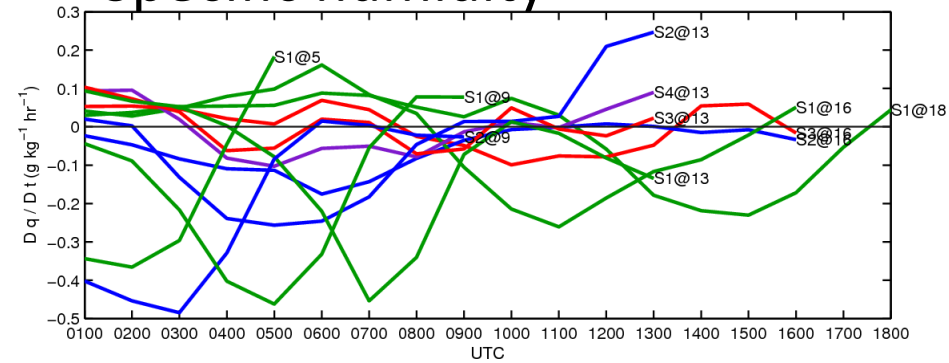


Physical processes

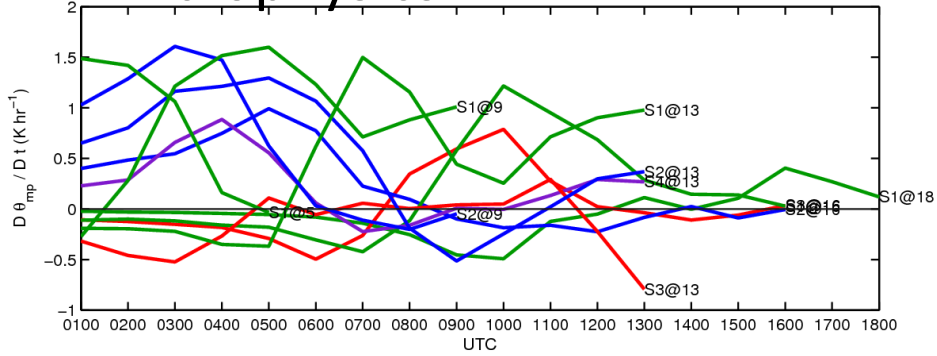
Theta



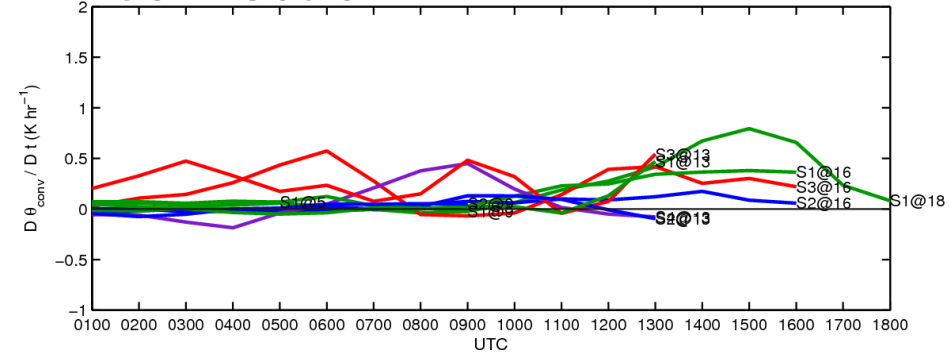
Specific humidity



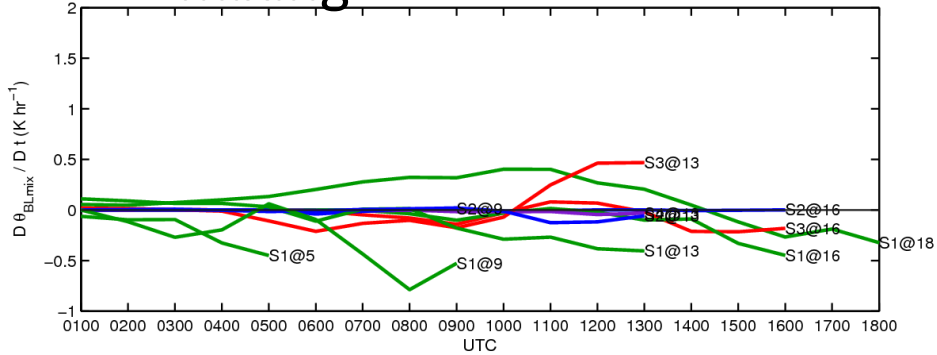
Microphysics



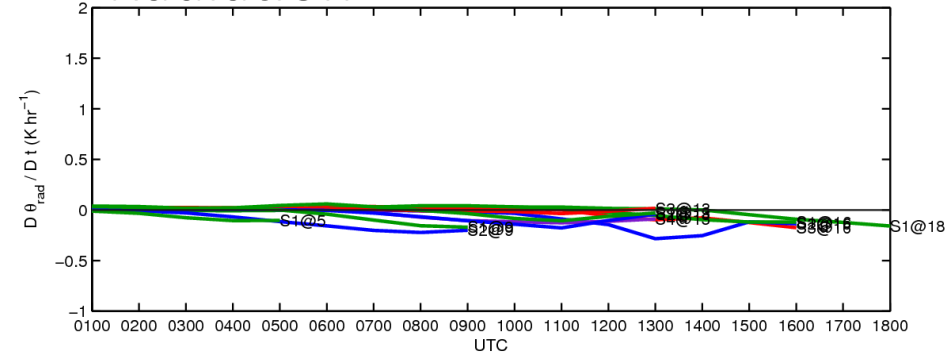
Convection



BL mixing

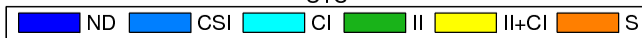
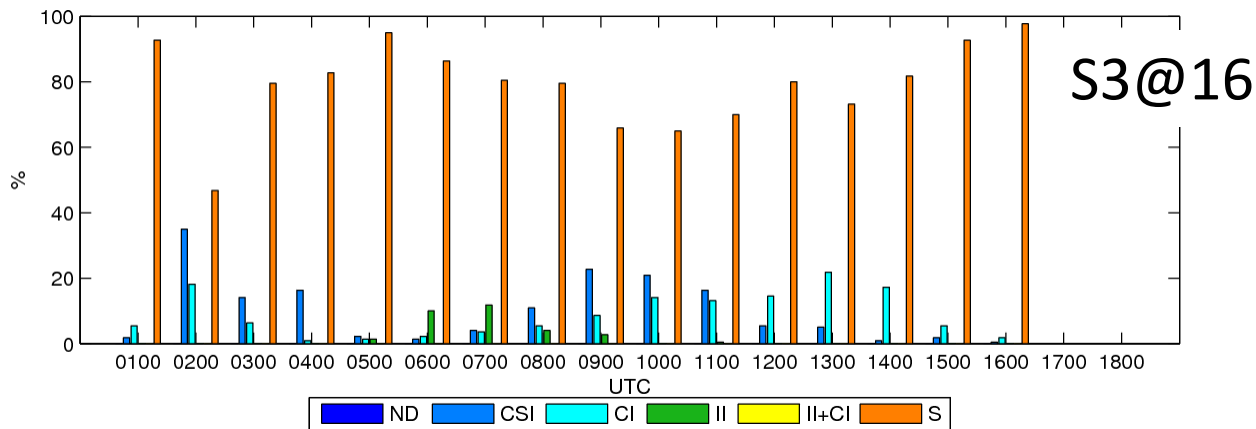
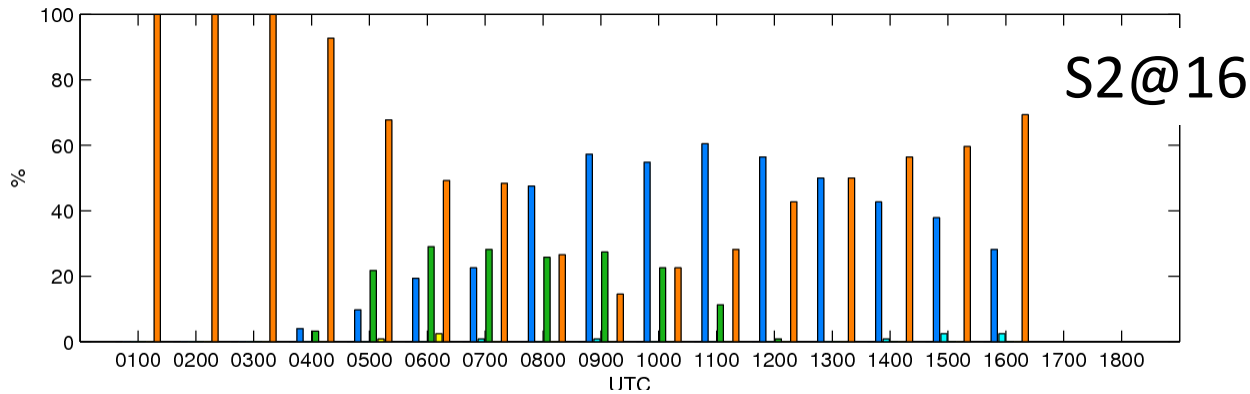
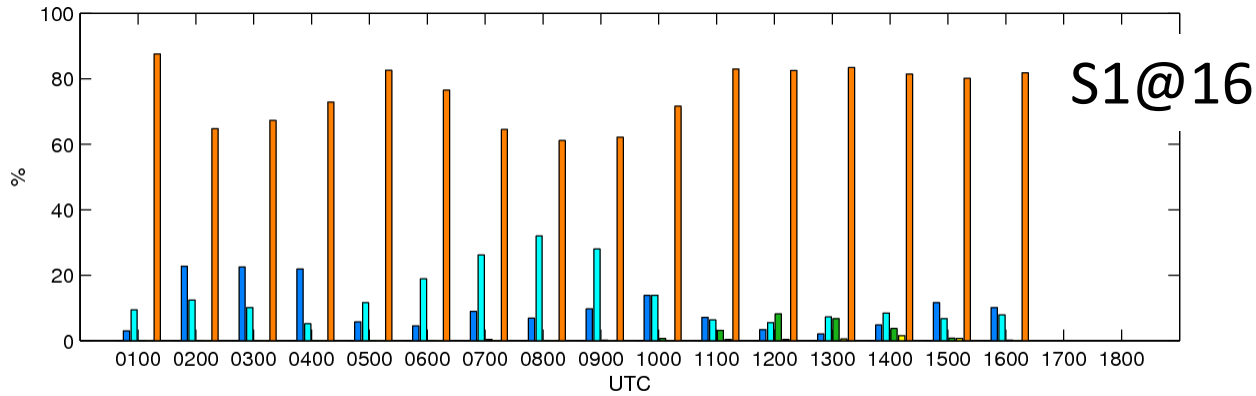


Radiation



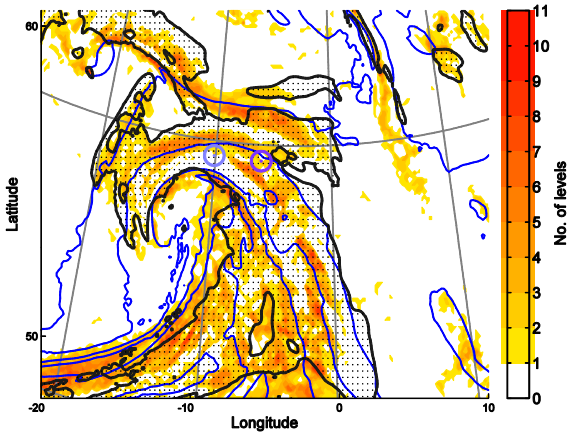
Mesoscale instability

Percentage of
trajectories
satisfying
instability
conditions

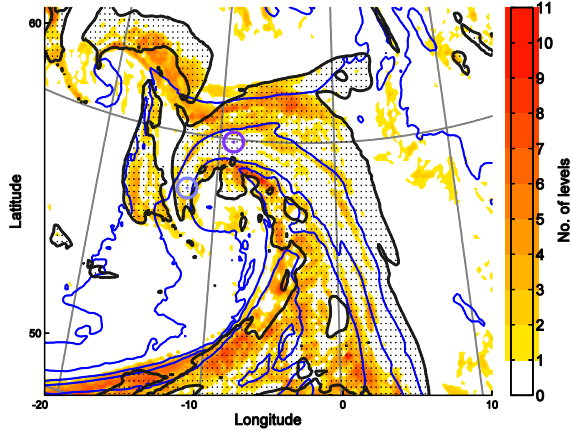


Mesoscale instability maps: CSI

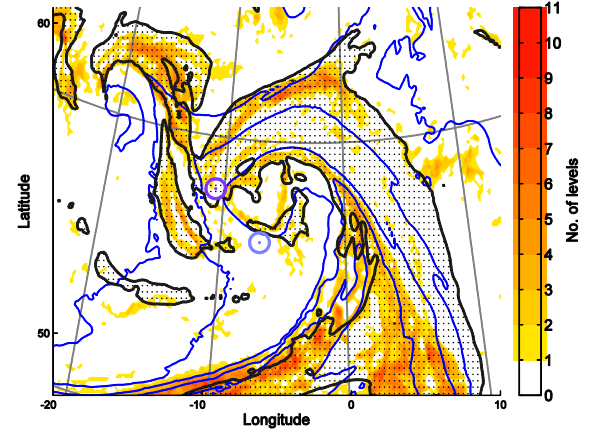
0600 UTC



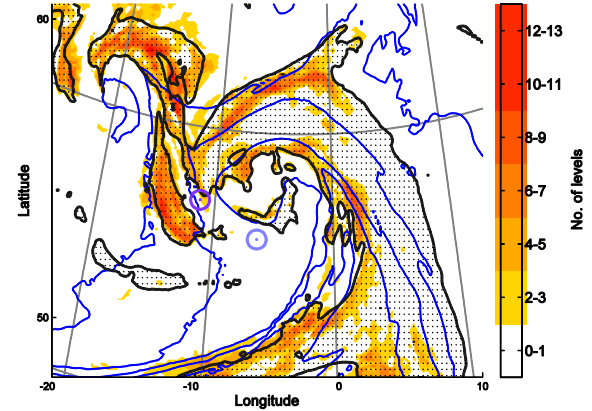
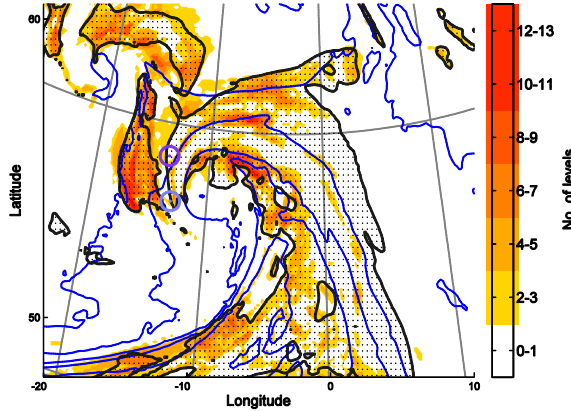
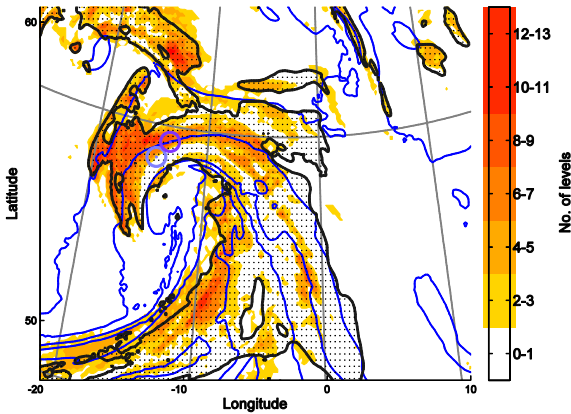
0900 UTC



1200 UTC



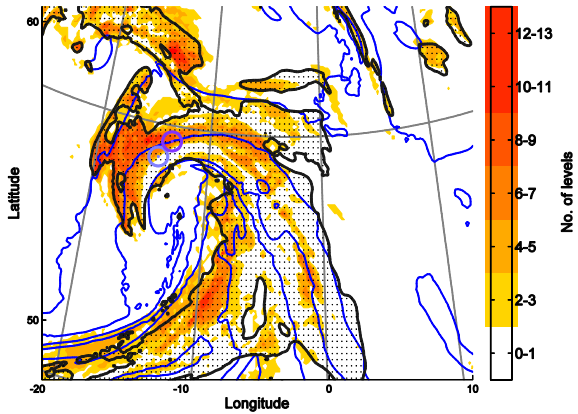
S1@13,S1@16. CSI points at levels 950-700hPa



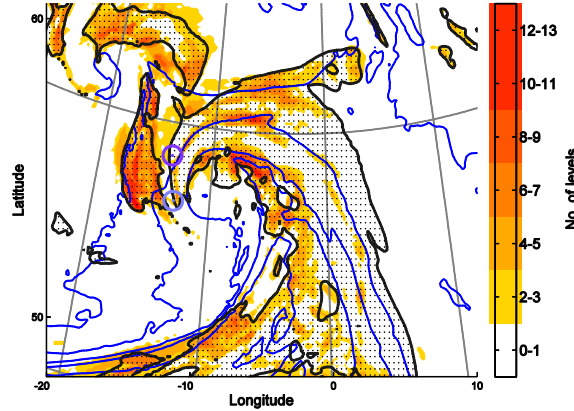
S2@13,S2@16. CSI points at levels 800-500hPa

Mesoscale instability maps: CSI vs II

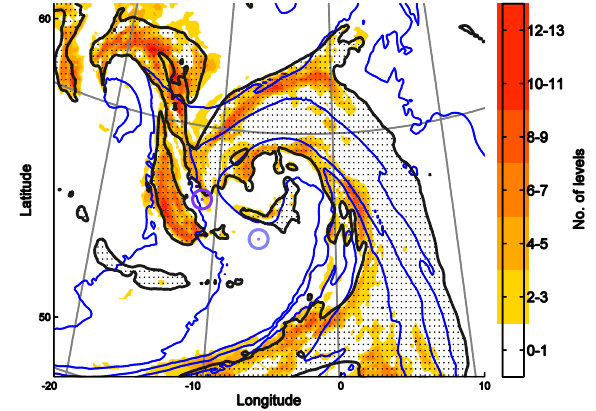
0600 UTC



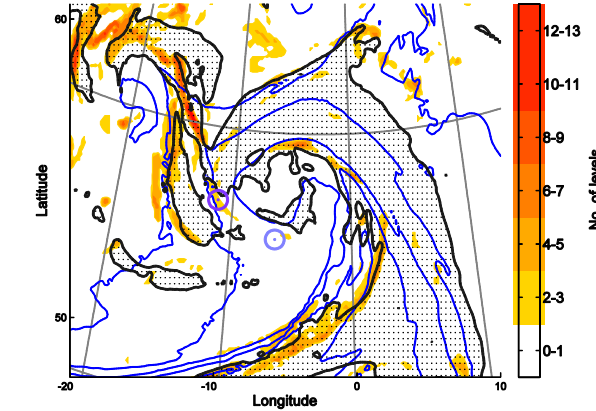
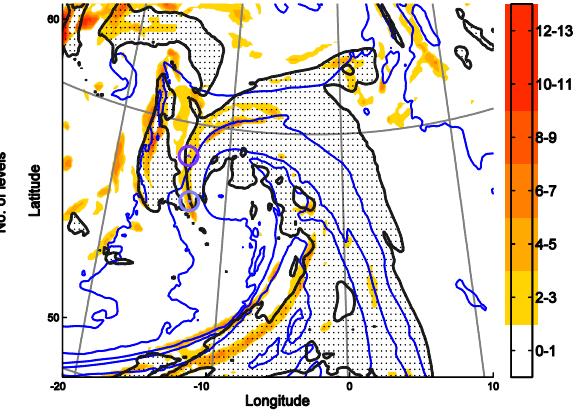
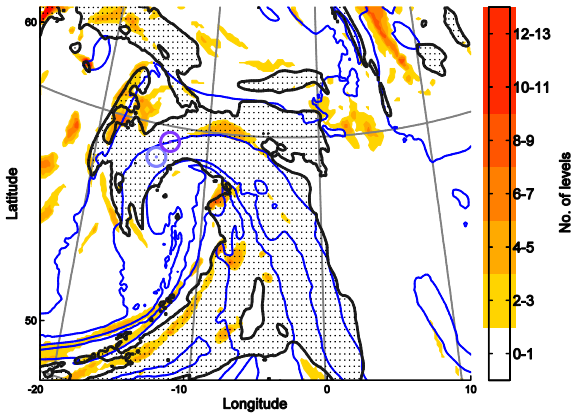
0900 UTC



1200 UTC

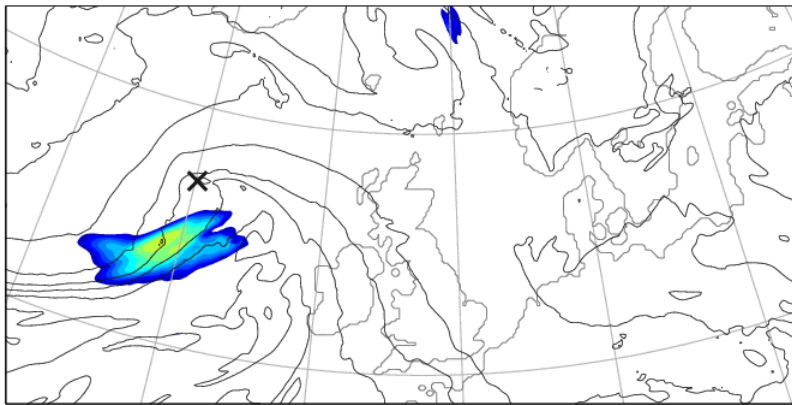


S2@13,S2@16. CSI points at levels 800-500hPa



S2@13,S2@16. II points at levels 800-500hPa

08 December 2011 0100 UTC, pressure = 600 hPa

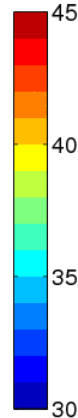
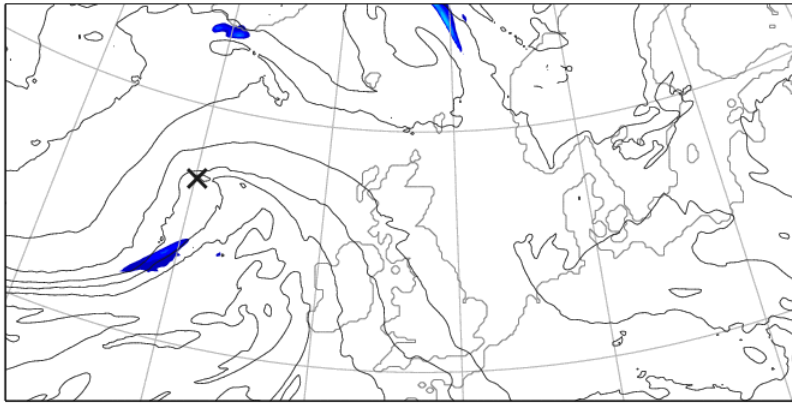


System-relative winds

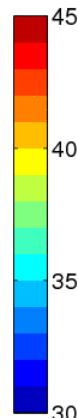
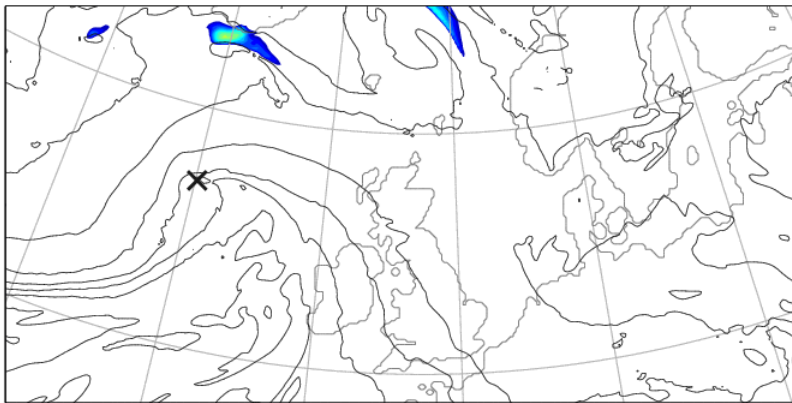
System velocity computed as the domain-average 700-hPa velocity

Thin lines represent 850-hPa θ_e

08 December 2011 0100 UTC, pressure = 700 hPa



08 December 2011 0100 UTC, pressure = 850 hPa

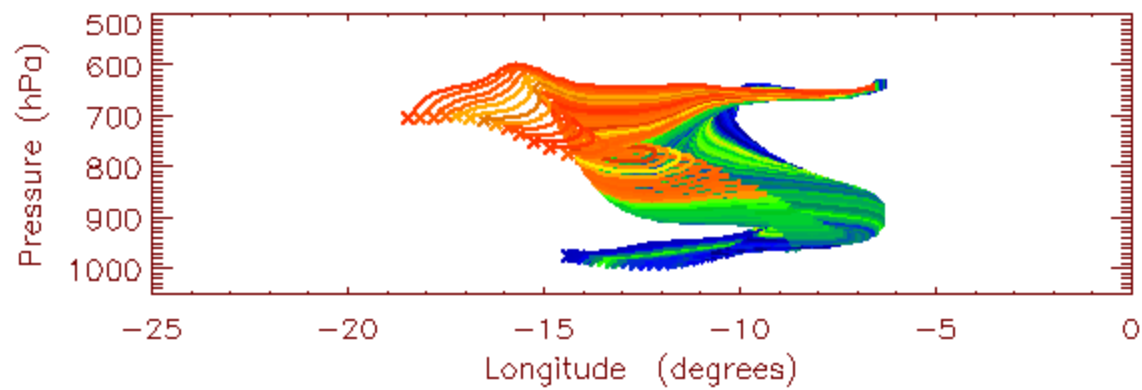
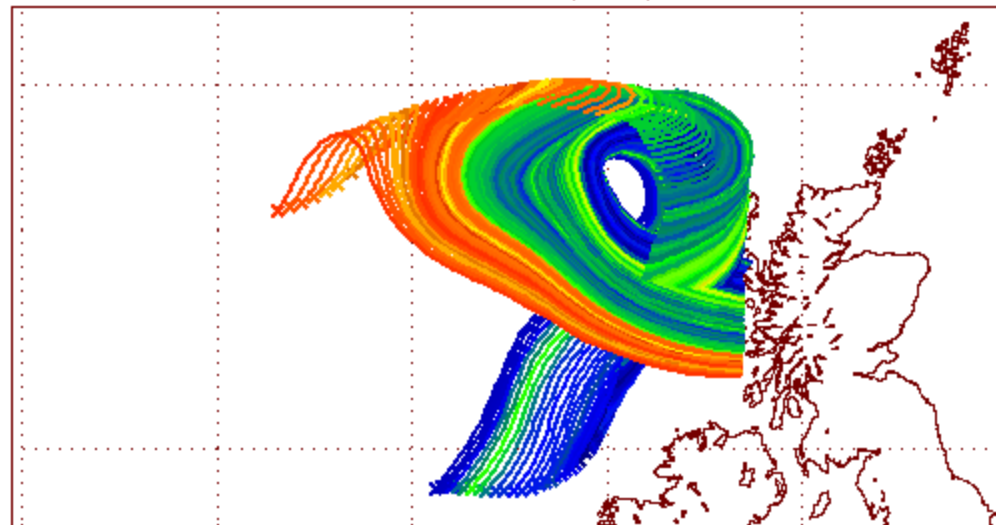


600 hPa

700 hPa

850 hPa

Traj release 14:34 to 14:58 UT 08/12/2011 T=1.062 days



Traj release 14:58 to 15:15 UT 08/12/2011 T=1.333 days

